**Which of these terms best describes the type of AI used in today’s email spam filters, speech recognition, and other specific applications?**



Artificial Narrow Intelligence (ANI)



Artificial General Intelligence (AGI)

1 point

**2.Question 2**

**What do you call the commonly used AI technology for learning input (A) to output (B) mappings?**



Reinforcement learning



Supervised learning



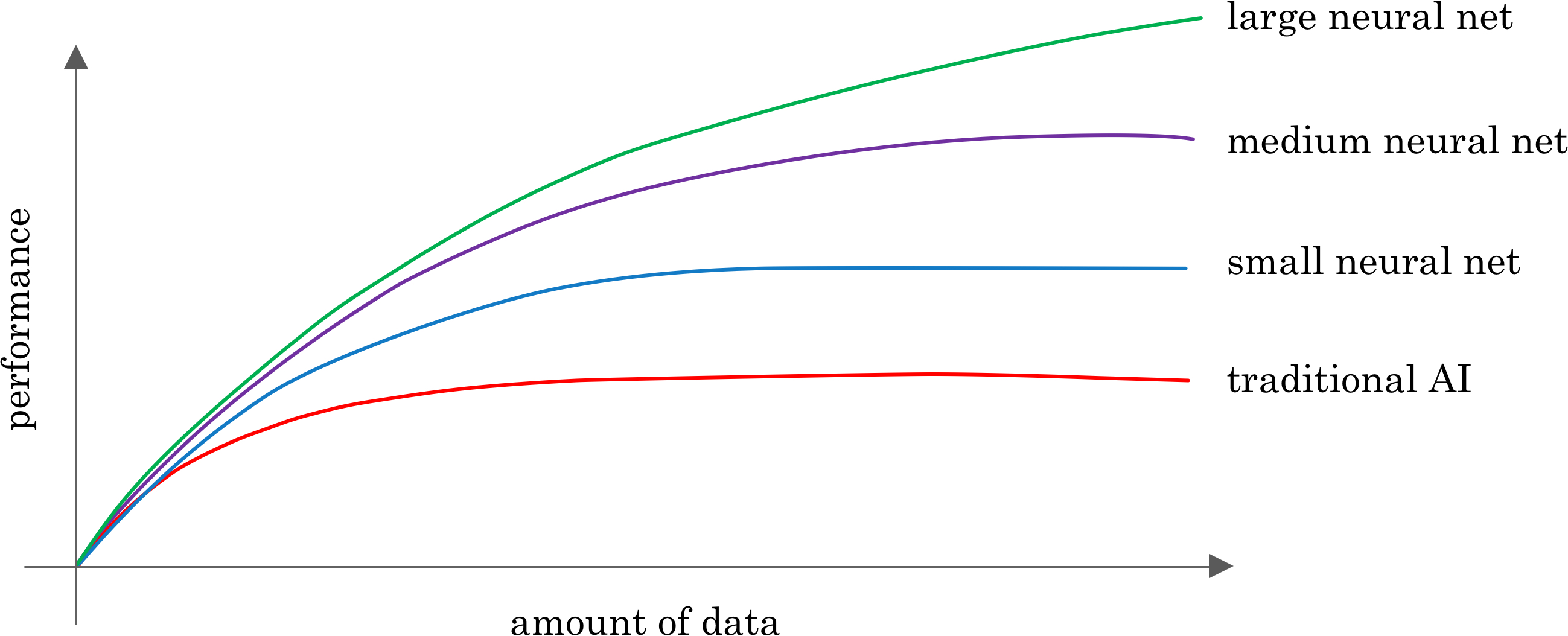
Artificial General Intelligence



Unsupervised learning

1 point

**3.Question 3**

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**You want to use supervised learning to build a speech recognition system. The figure above suggests that in order for a neural network (deep learning) to achieve the best performance, you would ideally use: (Select all that apply)**



A large dataset (of audio files and the corresponding text transcript)



A small dataset (of audio files and the corresponding text transcript)



A large neural network



A small neural network

1 point

**4.Question 4**

**The only way to acquire data for a supervised learning algorithm is to manually label it. I.e., given the input A, to ask a human to provide B.**



True



False

1 point

**5.Question 5**

**Which of these statements regarding data acquisition do you agree with?**



It doesn’t help to give data to an AI team, because they can always produce whatever they need by themselves.



It doesn’t matter how data is acquired. The more data, the better.



Only structured data is valuable; AI cannot process unstructured data.



Some types of data are more valuable than others; working with an AI team can help you figure out what data to acquire.

1 point

**6.Question 6**

**You run a company that manufactures scooters. Which of the following are examples of unstructured data? (Select all that apply.)**



Audio files of the engine sound of your scooters



The number of scooters sold per week over the past year



The maximum speed of each of your scooters



Pictures of your scooters

1 point

**7.Question 7**

**Suppose you run a website that sells cat food. Which of these might be a good result from a Data Science project? (Select all that apply.)**



A neural network that closely mimics how cats’ brains work.



A slide deck presenting a plan on how to modify pricing in order to improve sales.



Insights into how to market cat food more effectively, depending on the breed of cat.



A large dataset of images labeled as “Cat” and “Not Cat”

1 point

**8.Question 8**

**Based on the terminology defined in Video 4, which of the following statements do you agree with? (Select all that apply.)**



The terms “Machine learning” and “data science” are used almost interchangeably.



Deep learning is a type of machine learning.  (I.e., all deep learning algorithms are machine learning algorithms.)



AI is a type of deep learning. (I.e., all AI algorithms are deep learning algorithms.)



The terms “Deep learning” and “neural network” are used almost interchangeably.

1 point

**9.Question 9**

**Which of these do AI companies do well?**



Strategic data acquisition



Invest in unified data warehouses



Spot automation opportunities



All of the above

1 point

**10.Question 10**

**Say you want to input a picture of a person’s face (A), and output whether or not they are smiling (B). Because this is a task that most humans can do in less than 1 second, supervised learning can probably learn this A-to-B mapping.**



True



False

1 point

**Week 2 Quiz**

**TOTAL POINTS 10**

**1.Question 1**

**Machine learning is an “iterative” process, meaning that an AI team often has to try many ideas before coming up with something that’s good enough, rather than have the first thing they try work.**



True



False

1 point

**2.Question 2**

**Say you want to use Machine Learning to help your sales team with automatic lead sorting. I.e., Input A (a sales prospect) and output B (whether your sales team should prioritize them). The 3 steps of the workflow, in scrambled order, are:**

**(i) Deploy a trained model and get data back from users**

**(ii) Collect data with both A and B**

**(iii) Train a machine learning system to input A and output B**

**What is the correct ordering of these steps?**



(ii) (iii) (i)



(i) (iii) (ii)



(i) (ii) (iii)



(ii) (i) (iii)

1 point

**3.Question 3**

**What are the key steps of a Data Science project?**



Collect data



Analyze the data



Suggest hypothesis or actions



All of the above

1 point

**4.Question 4**

**Machine Learning programs can help: (select all that apply)**



Customize product recommendations



Automate resume screening



Automate visual inspection in a manufacturing line



Automate lead sorting in sales

1 point

**5.Question 5**

**Unless you have a huge dataset (“Big Data”), it is generally not worth attempting machine learning or data science projects on your problem.**



True



False

1 point

**6.Question 6**

**Say you want to build an AI system to help recruiters with automated resume screening. Which of these steps might be involved in “technical diligence” process?  (Select all that apply.)**



Making sure that an AI system can meet the desired performance



Defining an engineering timeline



Making sure you can get enough data for this project



Ensuring that this is valuable for your business (e.g., estimating the project ROI)

1 point

**7.Question 7**

**Which of these statements about “business diligence” do you agree with?**



Business diligence applies only if you are launching new product lines or businesses.



Business diligence is the process of ensuring that the envisioned AI technology is feasible.



Business diligence is the process of ensuring that the AI technology, if it is built, is valuable for your business.



Business diligence can typically be completed in less than a day.

1 point

**8.Question 8**

**You want to use supervised learning for automated resume screening, as in the example above. Which of the following statements about the Training Set are true? (Select all that apply.)**



It should give examples of the input A (resume) but not necessarily the desired output B (whether to move forward with a candidate).



It will be used by the AI team to train the supervised learning algorithm.



It should give examples of both the input A (resume) and the desired output B (whether to move forward with a candidate).



The Training set and Test set can be the same dataset.

1 point

**9.Question 9**

**For your automated resume screening application, you are now providing a Test Set to the AI team. Which of the following statements about the Test Set are true? (Select all that apply.)**



It should give examples of the input A (resume) but not necessarily the desired output B (whether to move forward with a candidate).



It will be used by the AI team to evaluate the performance of the algorithm.



It should give examples of both the input A (resume) and the desired output B (whether to move forward with a candidate)



The Test Set should ideally be identical to the Training Set.

1 point

**10.Question 10**

**Which of these are reasons that it’s often unrealistic to expect an ML system to be 100% accurate?**



You might not have enough data



Data can be mislabeled



Data can be ambiguous



All of the above.

1 point